

Package leaflet: Information for the user

BOCOUTURE 50 units powder for solution for injection BOCOUTURE 100 units powder for solution for injection Botulinum toxin type A (150 kD), free from complexing proteins

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start using this medicine because it contains important information for you.

☑ Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.

☑ If you have any further questions, ask your doctor, pharmacist or nurse.

☑ If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet:

1. What BOCOUTURE is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before BOCOUTURE is used
3. How to use BOCOUTURE
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store BOCOUTURE
6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. What BOCOUTURE is and what it is used for

BOCOUTURE is a medicine that contains the active substance Botulinum toxin type A which relaxes the injected muscles.

BOCOUTURE is used for temporary improvement of upper facial lines in adults under 65 years of age when the severity of these lines has an important psychological impact for the patient:

☑ moderate to severe vertical lines between the eyebrows seen at maximum frown and/or

☑ moderate to severe lateral periorbital lines seen at maximum smile and/or

☑ moderate to severe horizontal forehead lines seen at maximum contraction

2. What you need to know before BOCOUTURE is used

Do not use BOCOUTURE

☑ if you are allergic to Botulinum neurotoxin type A or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6)

☑ if you suffer from a generalised disorder of muscle activity (e.g. myasthenia gravis, Lambert- Eaton syndrome)

☑ if you have an infection or inflammation at the proposed injection site.

Warnings and precautions

Side effects may occur from misplaced injections of Botulinum neurotoxin type A temporarily paralysing nearby muscle groups. There have been very rare reports of side effects that may be related to the spread of toxin distant from the injection site to produce symptoms consistent to Botulinum toxin type A effects (e.g. excessive muscle weakness, swallowing difficulties or accidental swallowing of food or drink into the airways). Patients who receive the recommended doses may experience excessive muscle weakness.

Contact your doctor and seek medical attention immediately if you experience any of the following:

☑ difficulty in breathing, swallowing or speaking

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☑ hives, swelling including swelling of the face or throat, wheezing, feeling faint and shortness of breath (possible symptoms of severe allergic reactions) (see section 4).

If the dose is too high or the injections too frequent, the risk of antibody formation may increase. Antibody formation can cause treatment with Botulinum toxin type A to fail, whatever the reason for its use.

Talk to your doctor before BOCOUTURE is used:

☑ if you suffer from any type of bleeding disorder

☑ if you receive substances that prevent the blood from clotting (e.g. coumarin, heparin, acetylsalicylic acid, clopidogrel)

☑ if you suffer from pronounced weakness or decreased muscle volume in the muscle where you will receive the injection

☑ if you suffer from amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), which can lead to generalised muscle decrease

☑ if you suffer from any disease that disturbs the interaction between nerves and skeletal muscles

(peripheral neuromuscular dysfunction)

☐ if you have or have had swallowing difficulties

☐ if you have had problems with injections of Botulinum toxin type A in the past

☐ if you are due to have surgery

Repeated injections with BOCOUTURE

If you have repeated injections with BOCOUTURE, the effect may increase or decrease. Possible reasons for this are:

☐ ☐ ☐ ☐

your doctor may follow a different procedure when preparing the solution for injection different treatment intervals

injections into another muscle

non-response/therapy failure during the course of treatment

Elderly

There is limited information on the treatment of patients over 65 years of age. Therefore, BOCOUTURE should not be used in patients over the age of 65 years.

Children and adolescents

Do not give this medicine to children and adolescents under the age of 18 years because the use of BOCOUTURE in children and adolescents is not recommended.

Other medicines and BOCOUTURE

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines.

The effect of BOCOUTURE may be increased by:

☐ medicines used to treat certain infectious diseases (spectinomycin or aminoglycoside antibiotics

[e.g. neomycin, kanamycin, tobramycin])

☐ other medicines that relax the muscles (e.g. muscle relaxants of the tubocurarine type). Such

medicines are used, for example, in general anaesthesia. Before you have surgery, tell your anaesthetist if you have received BOCOUTURE.

In these cases, BOCOUTURE must be used carefully.

The effect of BOCOUTURE may be reduced by certain medicines for malaria and rheumatism (known as aminoquinolines).

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Pregnancy, breast-feeding and fertility

If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before this medicine is administered.

BOCOUTURE should not be used during pregnancy unless your doctor decides that the necessity and potential benefit of the treatment justifies the possible risk on the foetus. BOCOUTURE is not recommended if you are breast-feeding.

Driving and using machines

You should not drive or engage in other potentially hazardous activities if drooping eyelids, weakness (asthenia), muscle weakness, dizziness or vision disorders occur.

If in doubt, ask your doctor for advice.

3. How to use BOCOUTURE

BOCOUTURE may only be administered by doctors with appropriate specialist knowledge of treatment with Botulinum neurotoxin type A.

Vertical Lines between the Eyebrows seen at maximum frown (Glabellar Frown Lines)

When treating your vertical lines between the eyebrows seen at maximum frown (glabellar frown lines) the usual total dose is 20 units. Your doctor will inject 4 units into each of the 5 injection sites. The total dose may be increased by the physician to up to 30 units if required by the individual needs of the patient, with at least '3-months' interval between treatments.

A reduction in the vertical lines between the eyebrows seen at maximum frown generally occurs within 2 to 3 days with the maximum effect observed on day 30. The effect lasts for up to 4 months after the injection.

Lateral Periorbital Lines seen at maximum smile (Crow's feet lines)

For the treatment of lateral periorbital lines seen at maximum smile (crow's feet lines) your doctor will inject a standard dose of 24 units (12 units per eye). 4 units will be applied bilaterally into each of the 3 injection sites.

A reduction in lateral periorbital lines seen at maximum smile mostly occurs within 6 days with the maximum effect observed on day 30. The effect lasts for up to 4 months after the injection.

Horizontal Forehead Lines seen at maximum contraction

When treating horizontal forehead lines seen at maximum contraction your doctor will use a dose within a range of 10 to 20 units according to the individual needs of the patient. The recommended dose of totally 10 to 20 units will be injected into the five horizontally aligned injection sites (2 units, 3 units, or 4 units, per injection point respectively).

A reduction in the horizontal forehead lines seen at maximum contraction usually occurs within 7 days with the maximum effect observed on day 30. The effect lasts up to 4 months after the injection.

Method of administration

Dissolved BOCOUTURE is intended for injections into the muscle (intramuscular use; see information for healthcare professionals at the end of this leaflet).

The interval between two treatments should not be less than 3 months.

If you are given more BOCOUTURE than you require

Symptoms of overdose

Symptoms of overdose are not apparent immediately after the injection and may include general weakness, drooping eyelid, double vision, breathing difficulties, speech difficulties, and paralysis of the respiratory muscles or swallowing difficulties which may result in pneumonia.

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Measures in cases of overdose

In case you feel symptoms of overdose please seek medical emergency services immediately or ask your relatives to do so, and have yourself admitted to hospital. Medical supervision for up to several days and assisted ventilation may be necessary.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor, pharmacist or nurse.

4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

An allergic reaction may occur with BOCOUTURE. Serious and/or immediate allergic reactions (anaphylaxis) or allergic reactions to the serum in the product (serum sickness), causing for example difficulty in breathing (dyspnoea), hives (urticaria) or swelling of the soft tissue (oedema), have been rarely reported. Some of these reactions have been observed following the use of conventional Botulinum toxin type A complex. They occurred when the toxin was given alone or in combination with other products known to cause similar reactions. These effects cannot be ruled out completely when using BOCOUTURE.

An allergic reaction can cause any of the following symptoms:

- ☒ difficulty with breathing, swallowing or speaking due to the swelling of the face, lips, mouth or throat
- ☒ swelling of the hands, feet or ankles.

If you notice any of these side effects, please inform your doctor immediately or ask your relatives to do so and go to the accident and emergency department of your nearest hospital.

Usually, side effects occur in the first week after the injection and are temporary in nature. Side effects may be related to the medicine, injection technique or both. At the injection sites, the action of Botulinum toxin type A causes localised muscle weakness. Drooping eyelids can be caused by the injection technique and the effect of the medicine.

The following reactions may occur around the injection site:

- ☒ Localised pain
- ☒ Inflammation
- ☒ Pins and needles
- ☒ Decreased skin sensation
- ☒ Tenderness
- ☒ Itching
- ☒ Swelling (general)
- ☒ Swelling of the soft tissue (oedema)
- ☒ Skin redness (erythema)

☒ Localised infection

☒ Haematoma

☒ Bleeding

☒ Bruising

Patients with a fear of injections or needle related pain may experience temporary generalised reactions, e.g.

☒ Fainting

☒ Circulatory problems

☒ Nausea

☒ Noises in the ears

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Other possible side effects

Vertical Lines between the Eyebrows seen at maximum frown (Glabellar Frown Lines)

The following side effects have been observed with BOCOUTURE:

Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):

☒ Headache

☒ Mephisto sign (raising of the outer eyebrows)

Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people):

☒ Nasopharyngitis

☒ Bronchitis

☒ Influenza like illness

☒ Drooping eyebrow (brow ptosis)

☒ Drooping eyelids (eyelid ptosis)

☒ Accumulation of fluid in the eyelids (eyelid oedema)

☒ Discomfort (heavy feeling of eyelid/eyebrow)

☒ Blurred vision

☒ Muscle twitching (muscle spasm)

☒ Asymmetry of eyebrows

☒ Feeling of tightness at the injection site

☒ Tiredness

☒ Pain or bruising at the injection site

☒ Itching

☒ Bruise

☒ Skin nodule

☒ Insomnia

Lateral Periorbital Lines seen at maximum smile (Crow's feet lines)

The following side effects have been observed with BOCOUTURE:

Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):

☒ Eyelid swelling

☒ Dry eye

☒ Bruising at the injection site

Upper Facial Lines

The following side effects have been observed with BOCOUTURE: Very common (may affect more than 1 in 10 people):

☒ Headache

Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):

☒ ☒ ☒ ☒ ☒ ☒ ☒ ☒ ☒ ☒

Numbness

Bruising at the injection site

Pain at the injection site

Skin reddening around the injection site Discomfort (heavy feeling of frontal area)

Drooping eyelids (eyelid ptosis) Dry eye

Drooping eyebrow (brow ptosis) Facial asymmetry

Mephisto sign (raising of the outer eyebrows) Nausea

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#### Post-marketing experience

There have been reports of flu-like symptoms and hypersensitivity reactions, such as swelling and swelling of the soft tissue (oedema), also distant from injection site, redness, itching, rash (local and generalised) and breathlessness. The following very rare side effects have been observed during Botulinum toxin type A treatment of conditions other than upper facial lines (see section 2):

☒ Excessive muscle weakness

☒ Swallowing difficulties

☒ Swallowing difficulties causing inhalation of foreign bodies resulting in lung inflammation and, in some cases, death. Such side effects are caused by the relaxation of muscles far from the injection site.

#### Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme at [www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard](http://www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard).

By reporting side effects, you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

#### 5. How to store BOCOUTURE

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton and vial label after "EXP". The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Unopened vial: Do not store above 25 °C.

Reconstituted solution: Chemical and physical in-use stability has been demonstrated for 24 hours at 2 °C to 8°C.

From a microbiological point of view, the product should be used immediately. If not used immediately, in-use storage times and conditions prior to use are the responsibility of the user and would normally not be longer than 24 hours at 2 °C to 8 °C, unless reconstitution has taken place in controlled and validated aseptic conditions.

Your doctor should not use BOCOUTURE if the solution has a cloudy appearance or contains visible particles.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater.

For instructions on disposal, please see information for healthcare professionals at the end of this leaflet.

#### 6. Contents of the pack and other information

##### What BOCOUTURE contains

☒ The active substance is: Botulinum toxin type A (150 kD), free from complexing proteins. BOCOUTURE 50 units  
One vial contains 50 units Botulinum toxin type A (150 kD), free from complexing proteins.

##### BOCOUTURE 100 units

One vial contains 100 units Botulinum toxin type A (150 kD), free from complexing proteins.

☒ The other ingredients are: human albumin, sucrose.

##### What BOCOUTURE looks like and contents of the pack

BOCOUTURE is presented as a powder for solution for injection (powder for injection). The powder is white.

Dissolving the powder produces a clear, colourless solution.

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Pack sizes of 1, 2, 3 or 6 vials.

Not all pack sizes may be marketed. Marketing Authorisation Holder

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